# Light network management series

# WEB Network Management Operation Guid

Ver 1.0.1

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# Declare

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# Foreword

This manual mainly describes the WEB platform page of the light network management Ethernet switch. The user can manage the switch through the WEB page. This manual only gives a brief introduction to the operation of eac h WEB page. Please refer to the User Manual for the introduction of each func tion.

The preamble contains the following:

- Audience Object
- Product Introduction

# **Audience Object**

- Network Planner
- On-site technical support and maintenance personnel
- Network administrator responsible for network configuration and maintena nce

# **Product Introduction**

The light network management Ethernet switch is independently designe d and developed by our company. It is a web management Ethernet switch sp ecially designed for building a high-security and high-performance network. T he system uses a new software and hardware platform to provide a comprehe nsive security protection system, simple VLAN switching, port isolation and so on. The light network management series is easy to manage and maintain, a nd is an ideal convergence layer switch for office networks, campus networks, small and medium-sized enterprises, and branch offices.

# [Version Update]

Ver 1.01

User experience optimization

Resolves known issues and provides faster response.

Perfect support for one-key conversion between Chinese and English.

Related functions are optimized to make management easier.

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# **Chapter 1 Login Management Interface**

## 1.1 Preparation for login

- The switch is powered on and started normally, and any interface is c onnected to the computer network port for login management;
- Make sure that the function switch on the front panel of the switch is in the "WEB" position (only the function switch series is supported);
- At least IE 8.0 or above, the latest version of FireFox, Chrome and Sa fari browsers or one of the above core browser software shall be instal led on the management computer;
- 4. The IP address of the network card connecting the management com puter and the switch must be in the same network segment as the ma nagement IP address of the switch. It should be 192.168. 0. \* (\* is any integer between 2 and 254) when it is set for the first time. The subne t mask is 255.255. 255.0.

eneral					
You can get IP settings assigned this capability. Otherwise, you n for the appropriate IP settings.	eed to ask yo				
Obtain an IP address autor	natically				
Use the following IP addres	ss:				
IP address:	192	. 168	· 0	. 8	
Subnet mask:	255	. 255	. 255	. 0	1
Default gateway:		¢	е.	x	]
Obtain DNS server address	automatical	/			
(a) Use the following DNS serv	er addresses				
Preferred DNS server:		χ	÷.	÷	1
Alternate DNS server:				X.	
Validate settings upon exit	t		ſ	Adva	nced

Figure 1.1



Verify that the function switch is in the WEB position when logging into t he switch (function switch series only).

# 1.2 Login steps

1.Open the browser and enter the management address of the switch in the a ddress bar (the default address is the http://192.168.0.1) to log in to the mana gement interface of the switch.

2. Enter the switch management user name and password in the pop-up login window. The default user name and password are admin.

Username
Password
〇中文  English
Login

3.After successful login, the switching system information page is displayed.

Smart WEE	3		5 6 7 8 9	1
				-
	System Info			
System	oystem mile			
POE		Device Model	S1100WP-8GT-1SX-SE	
02		MAC Address	00:23:79:00:23:79	
onfiguration		IP Address	192.168.0.1	
1000		Netmask	255.255.255.0	
ecurity		Gateway	192.168.0.254	
Monitoring		Firmware Version	V0.9	
		Firmware Date	Aug 19 2023	
		Hardware Version	V1.6	
ools			SNTP Disabled	
Fools		NTP Server	SINTP Disabled	

Figure 1.2 Switch System Page

# **Chapter 2 WEB Management Function**

## 2.1 Interface description

- Interface status: displays the working status of the port. Green indicates t hat the port is in the connected state, and uncolored indicates that the port is in the unconnected state.
- 2 Function navigation tree: You can quickly switch to the corresponding function page through function navigation.
- ③ Function details: information display and configuration details of the curr ently selected function.

Smart WEE			9
stem 🛛 🛛	System Info-		
E	Device Model	S1100WP-8GT-1SX-SE	1
	MAC Address	00:23:79:00:23:79	-
figuration	IP Address	192.168.0.1	
	Netmask	255.255.255.0	
ırity	Gateway	192.168.0.254	
itoring	Firmware Version	V0.9	
-	Firmware Date	Aug 19 2023	
5	Hardware Version	V1.6	
	NTP Server	SNTP Disabled	

Figure 2.1 Interface Description

# 2.2 System

# 2. 2. 1 System information

The system information page displays the basic information of the switch system, including device model, MAC address, IP information, firmware and h ardware version information.

Device Model	S1100WP-8GT-1SX-SE	
MAC Address	00:23:79:00:23:79	
IP Address	192.168.0.1	
Netmask	255.255.255.0	
Gateway	192.168.0.254	
Firmware Version	V0.9	
Firmware Date	Aug 19 2023	
Hardware Version	V1.6	
NTP Server	SNTP Disabled	
Current Time		

Figure 2.2.1 System Information Page

### 2. 2. 2 IP Settings

Display and set the management IP address of the switch.

When the IP mode is "static IP", you can manually configure the IP addre ss, subnet mask, and gateway information.

When the IP mode is "DHCP", the switch will automatically obtain the IP i nformation through the DHCP server in the network.

IP Address Setting DHCP Setting	g Disable V
IP Address	192.168.0.1
Netmask	255.255.255.0
Gateway	192.168.0.254
	Apply

Figure 2.2.2 IP Settings Page

When switching the IP mode, it is necessary to log in the switch again;

After modifying the management IP application, it is necessary to log in with a new IP address and ensure that the network segment of the ma nagement computer matches it.

## 2. 2. 3 SNTP Settings

Simple Network Time Protocol, adapted from NTP, is mainly used to sync hronize computer clocks in the Internet.

In this interface, the corresponding time service area can be added to sy nchronize the time of the time switch and the time server. The specific situatio n can be viewed in the system configuration.

SNTP Setting	
SNTP Setting	Disable v
Time Server IP	182.92.12.11
Time Server IP(Backup)	185.209.85.222
Time Zone(Ex: 8 or -3)	8
Ap	ply

Figure 2.2.3 SNTP Setting Page

#### 2. 2. 4 User account

On the user account page, you can modify the user name and password of the switch management account. If a new user name is set on this page, th e original user name will be invalid. The password length is required to be bet ween 8 and 16 digits.

User Account Setting			
	New Username	admin	
	New Password		
	Confirm Password		
	Арр		

Figure 2.2.4 User Account Page

#### 2. 2. 5 Port Settings

On the port setting page, the user sets and displays the port status, inclu ding the following contents:

Port: select the port to be set

**Status:** "Open" and "Close" status. If set to "Close", the port is manually closed and communication is not possible;

**Rate/Duplex:** All interfaces default to the "auto" state, that is, adaptive m ode. It can be manually configured as "full-duplex/half-duplex mode", and the speed of 10 M, 100 M and 1000 M can be selected. It is generally recommend ed to select "Automatic" mode;

**Flow control:** When the flow control is on and the port is blocked, the swi tch will send a "PASUSE" frame to the information officer to inform the information source to pause for a period of time before sending the information.

	Port	State	Speed/Duplex	Flow Control		
	Port 1 *					
	Port 2					
	Port 3 Port 4					
	Port 5	Enable 🗸	Auto 🗸	Off 🗸	]	
	Port 6					
	Port 7					
	Port 8 🗸					
		Aţ	oply			
	Port	State	Speed/Duplex	Flow Control		
	Port 9	Enable V	Auto 🗸	Off 🗸		
		[	T		-j	
		[	pply			
	L	A	T	Flow Cor		
Port	State	A	ply	·		
Port Port 1	L	Ar Speed	Duplex	Flow Cor	trol	
	State	A; Speed Config	Duplex Actual	Flow Cor Config	trol Actual	
Port 1	State Enable	Ag Speed Config Auto	Duplex Actual Link Down	Flow Cor Config Off	trol Actual Off	
Port 1 Port 2	State Enable Enable	Ag Speed Config Auto Auto	Duplex Actual Link Down Link Down	Flow Cor Config Off Off	trol Actual Off Off	
Port 1 Port 2 Port 3	State Enable Enable Enable	Ag Speed Config Auto Auto Auto	Duplex Actual Link Down Link Down Link Down	Flow Cor Config Off Off Off	trol Actual Off Off Off	
Port 1 Port 2 Port 3 Port 4	State Enable Enable Enable Enable	Agent Speed Config Auto Auto Auto Auto Auto	Duplex Actual Link Down Link Down Link Down Link Down Link Down	Flow Cor Config Off Off Off Off Off	Actual Off Off Off Off Off	
Port 1 Port 2 Port 3 Port 4 Port 5	State Enable Enable Enable Enable Enable	Ag Speed Config Auto Auto Auto Auto Auto	Duplex Actual Link Down	Flow Con Config Off Off Off Off Off	trol Actual Off Off Off Off Off Off	
Port 1 Port 2 Port 3 Port 4 Port 5 Port 6	State Enable Enable Enable Enable Enable Enable	Ag Speed Config Auto Auto Auto Auto Auto Auto Auto	Duplex Actual Link Down	Flow Con Config Off Off Off Off Off Off Off	Actual Off Off Off Off Off Off Off Off	

Figure 2.2.5 Port Settings Page

# 2.3 POE (standard PoE family support only)

#### 2. 3. 1 PoE Port Configuration

**Port:** select the port to be set for PoE (only the network port supporting P oE)

**PoE management status:** Open by default, and the port PoE can be clo sed.

**PoE protocol type:** the corresponding power supply protocol can be sel ected according to the actual situation.

AF: 802.3 AF (POE) maximum power 15.4 W

ATs: 802.3 ATs (POE +) maximum power 30 W

**HI:** Hi-PoE supports a maximum power of 60W (Note: unconventional fun ctions are only supported by individual series, see the specifications for detail

s)

**BT:** 802.3 BT (POE + +) Max. Power 90W (Note: Unconventional function s are only supported by individual series, see specifications for details)

**PoEDog:** After this port is opened, the port will be POE restarted when th e data of the port is lost for more than 3 minutes.

		Total PoE Power(	<b>w</b> ) 120	]
1	Port	PoE Admin Status	PoE Protocol Typ	e PoEDog
	Port 1 Port 2 Port 3 Port 4 Port 5 Port 6 Port 7 Port 8	Enable v	BT v	Disable
			Å	
		A	oply	
	Port	Ag PoEAdmin Status	PoEPSE Type	PoEDog
	Port Port 1	PoEAdmin		PoEDog Disable
		PoEAdmin Status	PoEPSE Type	_
	Port 1	PoEAdmin Status Enable	PoEPSE Type BT	Disable
	Port 1 Port 2	PoEAdmin Status Enable Enable	PoEPSE Type BT AT	Disable Disable
	Port 1 Port 2 Port 3	PoEAdmin Status Enable Enable Enable	PoEPSE Type BT AT AT	Disable Disable Disable
	Port 1 Port 2 Port 3 Port 4	PoEAdmin Status Enable Enable Enable Enable	PoEPSE Type BT AT AT AT	Disable Disable Disable Disable
	Port 1 Port 2 Port 3 Port 4 Port 5	PoEAdmin Status Enable Enable Enable Enable Enable	PoEPSE Type BT AT AT AT AT AT	Disable Disable Disable Disable Disable

Figure 2.3.1 PoE Port Configuration

## 2. 3. 2 PoE Port Status

This page is used to display the PoE port status, and select to restart the corresponding PoE port according to the actual situation.

				Consumption (W)					
				0.0	0				
			*						
Port	Admin Status	PSE Type	PoEDog	Operation	Class	Power(W)	Voltage(V)	Current(mA)	Reset
Port 1	Enable	BT	Disable	Off	-	-	-	-	Reset
Port 2	Enable	AT	Disable	Off					Reset
Port 3	Enable	AT	Disable	Off	-	-	-		Reset
Port 4	Enable	AT	Disable	Off	(2)	-	-	-	Reset
Port 5	Enable	AT	Disable	Off	-	-	-	-	Reset
Port 6	Enable	AT	Disable	Off	-	-	-	-	Reset
Port 7	Enable	AT	Disable	Off	-	-	-	-	Reset
Port 8	Enable	AT	Disable	Off	-	-	-	-	Reset

Figure 2.3.2 PoE Port Status

#### 2.4.1 VLAN Settings

#### 2.4.1.1 802.1QVLAN

Static VLANs are used to set 802.1 Q VLAN properties for a switch port.

**VLAN :** Identifier used to distinguish different VLANs. Terminals between different VLANs cannot communicate directly.

**VLAN name:** The name or description of the corresponding VLAN, which is usually used to distinguish different VLANs intuitively.

**Without label:** for the port marked as having no label, when the data fra me goes out of the port, if it is a frame with VLAN label, the label will be remov ed and then sent out. If there is no label, the data frame will be sent directly. D ata frames entering the port are internally tagged with the VLAN of the port. C ommonly use for access terminal equipment.

**Tape Label:** The port indentified as a label carries the VLAN label when the date frame is sent to the port .Therefore, the peer device must be able to identify the VLAN label,other rwise it cannot identify the data normally. Typically used to connect to the TRUNK,HYBRID,or VLAN-capable router ports of a managed switch.

**Non- member:** When the port is checked, it means that the current port i s not a member port of this VLAN.

#### Add/Modify VLAN

Fill in the VLAN and VLAN name to be added (optional);

Select the corresponding option below the port name according to the tag and tag attributes required by the port (click the "VLAN" button of the corresp onding option to set all ports to the corresponding attributes);

Click "Add/Modify" button below.

#### **Delete a VLAN**

Check the delete selection box behind the corresponding VLAN ID in the VLAN list below, and click the "Delete" button to delete the corresponding VLA N;

VLAN 1 is the default VLAN and cannot be deleted. Click Select All to sel ect all VLANs except VLAN 1 and delete all VLANs except VLAN 1.

VLAN						4094			AN			
Port	Select All	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		
Untagged	All	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Tagged	All	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Not Memeber		0	۲	0	0	0	0	0	0	۲		
					L	Add	1 / M	odif	у			
VL	AN VL	AN N	ame	Men	nber	Por	rts T	agg	ed Po	rts U	ntagged Ports Delete	
	L			L	1-9	9					1-9	
				_	Dele				elect			

Figure 2.4.1.1 802.1 Q VLAN Page

#### 2. 4. 1. 2 802.1Q VID

The VLAN Port Settings page is used to set the PVID of the port (based o n the VLAN ID of the port) and the frame format that the port receives.

PVID: All ports have one and only one PVID. When an untagged data fra me enters a switch port, the switch internally tags the data frame from the port with the PVID. The default PVID for all ports is 1.

#### **Receive frame format**

**All:** The designated port processes the received frame regardless of wh ether it is tagged or not. For untagged frames, the PVID is tagged with the VL AN tag for further processing. For the tagged frame, if the port belongs to the member of the corresponding VLAN ID, the next step is processed, and if the port does not belong to the member, the frame is discarded.

Only with label: The designated port only receives labeled data frames. G

eneric client devices do not support VLAN tagging, so the port to which the cli ent is connected may not communicate when this option is selected.

Only unlabeled: The designated port only receives unlabeled data frames. If t he interface of the peer device is multi-VLAN communication (such as the TR UNK interface of the switch and the router configured with VLAN-based subint erfaces), only PVID can communicate.

Port	PVID	Accepted Frame Type
Port 1 Port 2 Port 3 Port 4 Port 5 Port 6		All
N		pply
Port	PVID	Accepted Frame Type
Port 1	1	All
Port 2	1	All
	1	A11
Port 3		
Port 3 Port 4	1	A11
		All
Port 4	1	
Port 4 Port 5	1	All
Port 4 Port 5 Port 6	1 1	All All

Figure 2.4.1.2-1 802.1 Q VLD Page

For example, as shown in the 2.4.1.2 -2, the superior device has been configu red with VLANs 10, 20, and 30, and the corresponding VLAN is allowed to pa ss through the port connected to the switch. The three terminals connected to port 1, 2 and 3 of this machine are respectively planned to VLAN 10, 20 and 3 0.

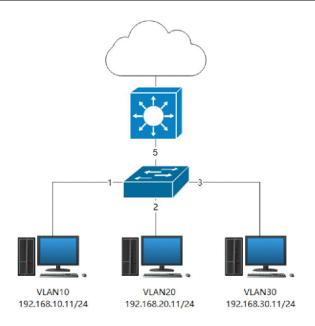


Figure 2.4.1.2-2

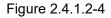
Start by adding the appropriate VLAN and port settings on the Static VLA N page. Take VLAN 10 as an example, fill in VLAN ID 10, select No Label und er port 1, select Label under port 5, and click Add. When all VLANs have been added, you should see Figure 2.4. 1.2-3.

Vintagged       All       2       3       4       5       6       7       8       9         Untagged       All       0 <th>VLAN</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>(1</th> <th>-409</th> <th>94)</th> <th></th> <th>AN Nai</th> <th></th> <th>02-04300</th> <th></th> <th>8</th> <th></th>	VLAN					(1	-409	94)		AN Nai		02-04300		8	
VLAN         VLAN Name         Member Ports         Tagged Ports         Delete           1         1-9         -         1-9				1	3	4	5	6		- T					
VLAN         VLAN         VLAN         VLAN         Carrier for the state of	Untagged	A	JI	00		0	0	0	0	0					
VLAN         VLAN         VLAN         Member Ports         Tagged Ports         Delete           1         1-9         -         1-9         -           10         10         1,5         5         1           20         20         2,5         5         2           30         30         3,5         5         3	Tagged	A	.11	00		0	0	0	0	0					
Add / Modify           VLAN         VLAN Name         Member Ports         Tagged Ports         Untagged Ports         Delete           1         1-9         -         1-9         -         1-9         -         1-9         -         1-9         -         1-9         -         1-9         -         1-9         -         1-0         -         1-0         -         1-0         -         1-0         -         1-0         -         -         1-0         -         -         1-0         -	Not Memeb	er A	JI	0			0		0						
10     10     1,5     5     1       20     20     2,5     5     2       30     30     3,5     5     3			ann de		shii	******	Ac	d / N	/lodify					 	
20         20         2,5         5         2            30         30         3,5         5         3										]	 			 	
30 30 3,5 5 3						femb	er P			l Ports	 ged Por	ts De	lete	 	
		VLAN 1		IN Na		femb 1	er P 1-9			l Ports	 ged Por	ts De	lete	 	
		VLAN 1 10		10 N		lemb. 1	er P 1-9 1,5			l Ports	 ged Por 1-9 1	is De	lete		

Figure 2.4.1.2-3

Then enter the "VLAN Port Settings" page, select port 1, fill in PVID 10, a nd click Apply. Set port 2 and port 3 respectively according to this method, an d set PVID to 20 and 30 respectively, as shown in Figure 2.4. 1.2 -4.

	Port	PVID	Accepted Frame Type
Po Po Po	ort 1 Ant 2 ort 2 ort 3 ort 4 ort 5 ort 6 $\checkmark$		
		App	bly
	Port	PVID	Accepted Frame Type
	Port 1	10	Untag-only
	Port 1 Port 2	10 20	Untag-only Untag-only
		20205	
	Port 2	20	Untag-only
	Port 2 Port 3	20 30	Untag-only Untag-only
	Port 2 Port 3 Port 4	20 30 1	Untag-only Untag-only All
	Port 2 Port 3 Port 4 Port 5	20 30 1 1	Untag-only Untag-only All Tag-only
	Port 2 Port 3 Port 4 Port 5 Port 6	20 30 1 1 1	Untag-only Untag-only All Tag-only All



For example, as shown in the figure 2.4, 1.2 -5. When multiple broadbands ne ed to be accessed, but the number of available physical interfaces of the route r is insufficient, it is necessary to expand the Wan port through the switch (this function needs to be supported by the router function).

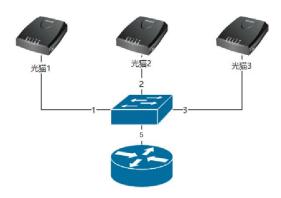


Figure 2.4.1.2-5

The relevant settings of the switch are the same as the previous example, but the difference is that 5 ports are connected to the router, and 1-3 ports ar e connected to the corresponding operator access equipment respectively. Aft er that, use the corresponding VLAN ID to configure the corresponding subint erface or related Wan port configuration in the router.

## 2.4.2 QoS

2. 4. 2. 1 Port to queue

The port queue selection page configures the corresponding queue (queu e range 1-8) for the switch port.

Port to Queue Setting		
1277	Port	Queue
	Port 1 Port 2 Port 3 Port 4 Port 5 Port 6	[1 v]
		oply
	Port	Queue
	Port 1	1
	Port 2	1
	Port 3	1
	Port 4	1
	Port 5	1
	Port 6	1
	Port 6 Port 7	1
	1	



### 2.4.2.2 Queue weight

Configure the weight priority of the set queue (the range is 0-15)

Queue	Weight
1 2 3 4 5 6 6 7 8	Strict priority V
A	pply
 Queue	Weight
	Weight
Queue 1	Weight Strict priority
Queue 1 2	Weight Strict priority Strict priority
Queue           1           2           3	Weight Strict priority Strict priority Strict priority
Queue 1 2 3 4	Weight Strict priority Strict priority Strict priority Strict priority
Queue 1 2 3 4 5	Weight Strict priority Strict priority Strict priority Strict priority Strict priority

Figure 2.4.2.2 Queue Weight Page

### 2.4.3 Loop Settings

2. 4. 3. 1 Loop protocol

Loop protocol settings are divided into three main categories, namely, enable I oop detection, loop avoidance, and spanning tree.

Loop protocol Setting		
	Loop function Off  Apply	

Figure 2.4.3.1-1 Loop Detection Page

Loop detection: After this function is enabled, it can detect whether there i s a loop in the link, and the corresponding loop port indicator will flash at the s ame time. (Such as the 1-2 loop in Figure 2.4.3.1-3)

Loop protocol Setting			
	Loop function	Loop Detection V	l l
	Time Interval (1~32767)	2 second	
	Recover Time (0 or 4~255)	10 second	
	Apply		

Figure 2.4.3.1-2 Open Loop Detection

Loop avoidance: When this feature is enabled, the switch will block the co rresponding looped port when there is a loop on the link.

	1 2 3	4	5 6	7 8	9
op protocol Setting					
		Loop function	Loop F	revention 🗸	
	T	ime Interval (1~3	2767) 2	second	
	Re	cover Time (0 or	<b>4~255)</b> 10	second	
			Apply		
		Port	State		
		Port 1			
		Port 2 Port 3			
		Port 4	Disable	~	
		Port 5 Port 6	-		
		Folto	•		
	Port		Loop State	Loop Status	
	Port	1	Enable	Forwarding	
	Port 2		Enable	Blocking	
	Port :		Enable	Forwarding	
	Port -	4	Enable	Forwarding	
	Port :		Enable	Forwarding	
	Port	6	Enable	Forwarding	
	POIL				
	Port	7	Enable	Forwarding	
			Enable Enable	Forwarding Forwarding	
	Port	8			

Figure 2.4.3.1-3 Loop Avoidance

Spanning Tree: Enable this function to directly open the RSTP global.

Loop protocol Setting	
	Loop function Spanning Tree V

Figure 2.4.3.1-4 Spanning Tree

#### 2. 4. 3. 2 STP Global

RSTP: (rapid spanning Tree Protocol) Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol is turned on in Loop Protection. This protocol can converge the network more quickly when the network structure changes, and is used as a backup of the designat ed port.

STP: Spanning Tree Protocol. The protocol can be applied to the loop network

to achieve path redundancy through a certain algorithm, and at the same tim e, the loop network is pruned into a loop-free tree network, so as to avoid the proliferation and infinite circulation of messages in the loop network.

After opening this page, RSTP/STP protocol, priority and other related configurations can be configured according to the actual environment.

Spanning tree priority: small first, default 32768, step size 4096, value range 0 ~ 61440.

Spanning Tree Status D	Disable			
Force Version	RS	STP	~	·
Priority	327	768	~	•
Maximum Age	20 (6~4)	40 Sec)		
Hello Time	2 (1~1)	10 Sec)		
Forward Delay	15 (4~3)	30 Sec)		
Root Priority 3	32768			
Root MAC Address 0	00:23:79:00:2	23:79		
Root Path Cost 0	0			
Root Port -	-			
Root Maximum Age 2	20 Sec			
Root Hello Time 2	2 Sec			
Root Forward Delay 1	15 Sec			

Figure 2.4.3.2 STP Global Page

#### 2.4.3.3 STP Port

After enabling STP/RSTP, relevant ports can be configured on this page. Path Cost, an STP metric that represents the distance between bridges. Path Cost is the sum of the costs of all links on the path between two bridges.

Port priority: small priority, default 128, step size 16, value range 0 ~ 240.

Point-to-point: It means that the sender transmits data to the device direct ly connected to it, and this device transmits data to the next device directly co nnected to it at an appropriate time, and the data is transmitted to the receivin g end through one directly connected device.

	Port	Path Cost	Priority	P2F	1	Edge			
	Port 1 Port 2 Port 3 Port 4 Port 5 Port 6	0 (1~20000000),0=Auto	128	✓ Auto	✓ False		-		
		,	Apply						
	State	Role	Path Cost			;	P2P	Edge	
Port	State	Kole	Config	Actual	Priority	Config	Actual	Config	Actual
Port 1	Forwarding	Disabled	Auto	2000000	128	Auto	Unknown	False	False
FOILT									
Port 2	Forwarding	Disabled	Auto	2000000	128	Auto	Unknown	False	False
	Forwarding Forwarding	Disabled Disabled	Auto Auto	2000000 2000000	128 128	-	Unknown Unknown		False False
Port 2						Auto		False	
Port 2 Port 3	Forwarding	Disabled	Auto	2000000	128	Auto Auto	Unknown	False False	False
Port 2 Port 3 Port 4	Forwarding Forwarding	Disabled Disabled	Auto Auto	2000000 2000000	128 128	Auto Auto Auto	Unknown Unknown	False False False	False False
Port 2 Port 3 Port 4 Port 5	Forwarding Forwarding Forwarding	Disabled Disabled Disabled	Auto Auto Auto	2000000 2000000 2000000	128 128 128	Auto Auto Auto Auto	Unknown Unknown Unknown	False False False False	False False False
Port 2 Port 3 Port 4 Port 5 Port 6	Forwarding Forwarding Forwarding Forwarding	Disabled Disabled Disabled Disabled	Auto Auto Auto Auto	2000000 2000000 2000000 2000000	128 128 128 128	Auto Auto Auto Auto Auto	Unknown Unknown Unknown Unknown	False False False False False	False False False False

Figure 2.4.3.3 STP Ports Page

#### 2.4.4 IGMP snooping

Turn on/off the IGMP enable setting.

IGMP Snooping is a multicast constraint mechanism. Switches use it to d ynamically register multicast groups. Switches running IGMP Snooping mana ge and control multicast groups by snooping and analyzing IGMP messages e xchanged between hosts and multicast routers, which can effectively inhibit th e diffusion of multicast data in the network.

GMP Enable Setting			
	Enable	e 🛛	
		Apply	
Dump IGMP entry			
			VLAN
	IP Address	Port	ID

Figure 2.4.4 IGMP Settings Page

#### 2.4.5 DHCP snooping

Through the DHCP snooping function, IP address confusion caused by m anual configuration of IP addresses by illegal DHCP servers and clients can b e eliminated.

DHCP Snoopin	g Global	Enal	ble							
			Appl	y	]					
Port	Select All		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
DHCP Clinet	All	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DHCP Server	All						0	0		

Figure 2.4.5-1 DHCP Snooping Page

For example, as shown in Figure 2.4.5-2, port 5 of the switch is connected to a router as a legal DHCP server to allocate an IP address to an intranet termi nal, and port 4 is connected to an illegal DHCP server.

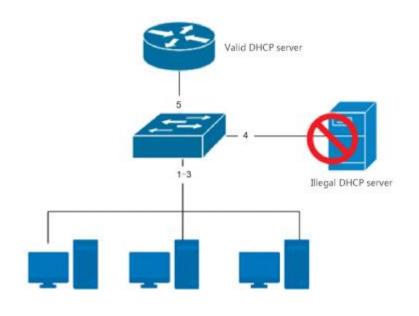
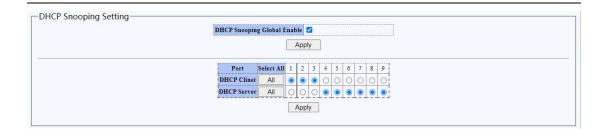
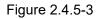


Figure 2.4.5-2

As shown in figure 2.4.5-3.Select port 1-3 as DHCP Client and port 4-5 a s DHCP Server. Through the above configuration, the switch will discard the D HCP OFFER messages sent by interfaces other than 4-5, so as to prevent D HCP servers other than 4-5 from providing illegal address allocation services.





At the same time, non-DHCP IP addresses obtained on the port selected as the DHCP Client will not be able to communicate.

After the DHCP Snooping function is configured, when the device on th e port selected as the DHCP Client obtains the address through the D HCP service for normal communication, if the switch is restarted, the bi nding relationship will be invalid and the communication cannot be performed. The device needs to obtain the address through the DHCP again for normal c ommunication.

#### 2.4.6 Link Aggregation

Port aggregation is mainly used between switches to bind two or more ph ysical links into one logical link to achieve bandwidth increase, load balancing, link redundancy and other functions.

The switch supports 2 aggregation groups, and each aggregation group can support up to 4 ports.

When adding ports, you can press and hold the mouse to select multiple consecutive ports. When selecting non-consecutive ports, you can press and hold the "Ctrl" key to select multiple ports or deselect the corresponding ports.

Trunk Group Setting		
	Group ID	Port
	Trunk1 V	Port 1 Port 2 Port 3 Port 4 Port 5 Port 6 Port 6
Group ID	P	Port Select Select All

Figure 2.4.6 Link Aggregation Page



The corresponding port of the peer device needs to be configured acco rdingly, otherwise it may cause aggregation failure or loop problems du e to the closure of the port by the spanning tree protocol.

## 2.4.7 Port Mirroring

The port mirror function can be set to copy the data of the specified direct ion of the port to the mirror port. Up to 4 sets of port mirroring can be set.

#### **Mirror direction:**

(1) Ingress mirroring: Only the traffic entering from this port is mirrored.

(2) Exit mirroring: Only the traffic from the port is mirrored.

(3) Bidirectional mirroring: supports the mirroring of the bidirectional traffic received and sent by the port.

**Mirror port:** The target port of the port mirror. The mirrored data will be s ent to this port. For example, in a packet capture application, this interface is u sed to connect to a computer running packet capture software.

**Mirrored port:** the data source port of the port mirroring function. The dat a packet in the specified direction of the mirrored port will be copied to the mir roring port.

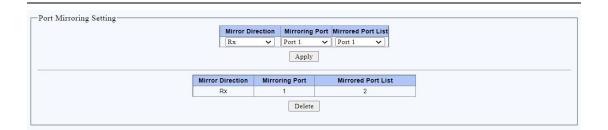


Figure 2.4.7-1 Port Mirror Page

For example, as shown in 2.4.7-2, the computer installed by the administrator with packet capture software is connected to port 1 of the switch, and the data sent by the computer connected to port 2 needs to be analyzed by packet ca pture.

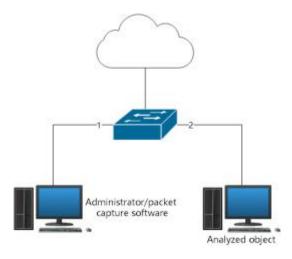


Figure 2.4.7-2

As shown in Figure 2.4.7-3, the direction is RX (the message sent by the device connected to the switch is received by the switch port), the mirror port i s 1, and the mirrored port is 2.

-Port Mirroring Setting							
	Mirror D		Mirroring Port				
	Rx	~	Port 1 🗸	Port 1	~		
			Apply				
	Mirror Direction			Mirrored			
	Rx	MIFTO	oring Port	Mirrored	Port List		
i	KX			·····	••••••	1	
			Delete				

### 2.4.8 Port Isolation

The port isolation function can realize the two-layer data isolation betwee n different ports, and cannot communicate with each other. By default, all port s are not isolated.

**Port:** Set the object port.

Port isolation list: set the port allowed to forward

Port Isolation Setting		
-	Port	Port Isolation List
	Port 1	Port 1
	Port 2 Port 3	Port 2 Port 3
	Port 4	Port 4
	Port 5	Port 5
	Port 6	Port 6 -
		Apply
	Port	Port Isolation List
	Port 1	1-9
	Port 2	1-9
	Port 3	1-9
	Port 4	1-9
	Port 5	1-9
	Port 6	1-9
	Port 7	1-9
	Port 8	1-9

Figure 2.4.8-1 Port Isolation Page

For example, as shown in Figure 2.4. 8-2, the five ports of the switch are connected to the Internet through the router, and the five ports are connected to a server. It is required that all terminals on ports 1-3 cannot communicate with e ach other, but they are allowed to access the Internet and the server.

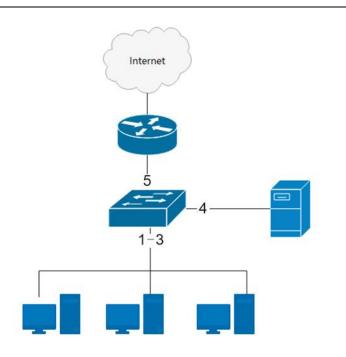
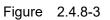


Figure 2.4.8-2

Select ports 1-3 in the port column, select ports 4 and 5 in the allowed for warding port column, and click Apply. As shown in Figure 2.4.8-3:

Port	Port Isolation List
Port 1	Port 1
Port 2	Port 2
Port 3	Port 3
Port 4	Port 4
Port 5	Port 5
Port 6	Port 6
	Apply
Port	Port Isolation List
Port	Port Isolation List
Port 1	Port Isolation List 5
Port 1 Port 2	Port Isolation List 5 5
Port 1 Port 2 Port 3	Port Isolation List 5 5 5
Port 1 Port 1 Port 2 Port 3 Port 4	Port Isolation List 5 5 5 5 1-9
Port 1 Port 1 Port 2 Port 3 Port 4 Port 5	Port Isolation List 5 5 5 1-9 1-9
Port 1 Port 1 Port 2 Port 3 Port 4 Port 5 Port 6	Port Isolation List 5 5 1-9 1-9 1-9 1-9



Isolation cannot be set on all upstream ports.

In general, it is necessary to ensure that the uplink port is located in the

allowed forwarding port of all object ports to ensure normal communic ation with the superior device.

#### 2.4.9 Bandwidth control

The bandwidth control function can limit the maximum rate of a specified port and direction, with a minimum control granularity of 16 Kbps.

Port: Set the object port.

Type: inlet or outlet

Status: The bandwidth control function of the object port is turned off or o

n.

**Rate:** The maximum rate of the limit. The rate value must be an integer m ultiple of 16.



Figure 2.4.9 Broadband Control Page

### 2.4.10 Jumbo Frame

Jumbo frames are Ethernet frames whose payload exceeds the IEEE 802. 3 standard limit of 1500 bytes.

The minimum setting value of this series of switches is 1522 bytes, and th e maximum is 16383 bytes.

Jumbo Frame Setting					
	Jumbo Frame (Bytes)	9216	~		
	Apply				

Figure 2.4.10 Jumbo Frame Page

## 2. 4. 11 MAC Constraints

Port: Select the port to be set

Status: off or on

Limited number: unlimited number (0-4160)

Port	State	Entry Limits
Port 1 Port 2 Port 3 Port 4 Port 5 Port 6	Disable	Unlimited (0-4160
	Apply	
Po	ort I	ntry Limits
Po	rt 1	Unlimited
Po	rt 2	Unlimited
Po	rt 3	Unlimited
Po	rt 4	Unlimited
Po	rt 5	Unlimited
Po	rt 6	Unlimited
Po	rt 7	Unlimited
Po	rt 8	Unlimited

Figure 2.4.11 MAC Constraints Page

### 2.4.12 EEE

After this function is enabled, the switch will automatically turn off part of t he idle circuit, effectively reducing power consumption and saving energy.

EEE Setting		
	EEE Function	Disable V
	Арр	oly



# 2.5 Safety

2.5.1 MAC Addr

2.5.1.1 MAC lookup

Select the MAC address and VLAN to be queried according to the actual access and query. If the MAC is queried correctly, the system will display the c orresponding port. The error indicates that it is not found.

No.	MAC Address	VLAN ID	Type	Port
1	F4:6D:2F:26:6F:13	1	dynamic	8
2	78:60:5B:3A:F3:5C	1	dynamic	8
3	00:CF:E0:4C:3B:81	1	dynamic	8
4	04:7C:16:81:21:1C	1	dynamic	8
5	AC:9E:17:B5:07:20	1	dynamic	8
6	4C:ED:FB:63:CD:62	1	dynamic	8
7	00:CF:E0:4F:3B:16	1	dynamic	8
8	00:E0:4C:0B:BC:4B	1	dynamic	8
9	42:0D:D2:46:35:36	1	dynamic	8
10	F2:FB:97:94:D3:54	1	dynamic	8
11	0C:9D:92:0E:C8:C1	1	dynamic	8
12	30:5A:3A:83:4A:67	1	dynamic	8
13	00:CF:E0:49:2F:28	1	dynamic	8
14	18:5E:0F:1E:6E:6E	1	dynamic	8

Figure 2.5.1.1 MAC Lookup Page

#### 2.5.1.2 Static MAC

The static MAC function can be set to bind the specified MAC on the spe cified port and VLAN.

MAC address: controlled MAC address object.

VLAN ID: the VLAN ID of the role (integer between 1-4094).

**Port:** the active port (when not selected, it is effective for all ports).

**Source MAC blocking:** controlled mode. If it is checked, the MAC address will be blocked. If it is not checked, the MAC address will be bound.

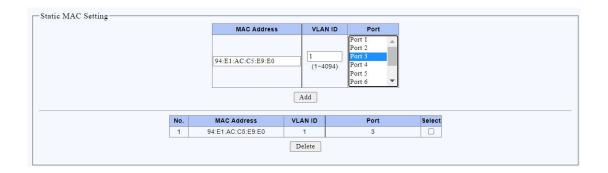


Figure 2.5.1.2-1 Static MAC Page

For example, as shown in Figure 2.5. 1.2-2, the configuration example binds t he MAC address 94: E1: AC: C5: e9: E0 to port 3 and VLAN 1. At this point, t he device will not be able to communicate if it is connected to another port or VLAN.

No.	MAC Address	VLAN ID	Port	Select
1	94:E1:AC:C5:E9:E0	1	3	

Figure 2.5.1.2-2

#### 2. 5. 2 Broadcast Storm

The storm control function can limit the packet rate of broadcast, multi-dia I, unknown unicast and unknown multicast types of the specified port.

**Storm type:** controlled data packet type, including broadcast, multicast, u nknown unicast and unknown multicast.

Port: acting port (multiple choices are allowed).

**Status:** The packet control function of this type on the specified port is en abled or disabled.

**Speed:** Maximum upper limit speed (unit: PPS, i.e., packets per second) Select the corresponding port to select the type and speed to be suppres sed. After the state is opened, click Apply to take effect.

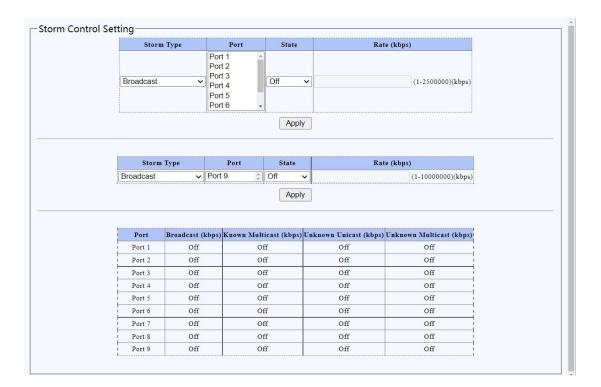


Figure 2.5.2 Broadcast Storm Page

# 2.6 Monitoring

#### 2. 6. 1 Port statistics

Port statistics status shows the management status, link status, and statis tics of sent and received packets of the port.

Click the "Clear" button to clear the statistical information.

Port	State	Link Status	TxGoodPkt	TxBadPkt	RxGoodPkt	RxBadPkt	
Port 1	Enable	Link Down	0	0	0	0	
Port 2	Enable	Link Down	0	0	0	0	
Port 3	Enable	Link Down	0	0	0	0	
Port 4	Enable	Link Down	0	0	0	0	
Port 5	Enable	Link Down	0	0	0	0	
Port 6	Enable	Link Down	0	0	0	0	
Port 7	Enable	Link Down	0	0	0	0	
Port 8	Enable	Link Up	5244	0	33525	0	
Port 9	Enable	Link Down	0	0	0	0	

Figure 2.6.1 Port Statistics Page

## 2.7 **Tools**

### 2.7.1 Firmware Upgrade

The Firmware Update page contains configuration export, import, and fir mware upgrade functions.

**Export configuration:** Export the configuration on the switch for configuration backup.

**Import configuration:** Import the backup configuration into the switch for configuration recovery.

**Firmware upgrade:** update the switch system software, and click to ente r firmware upgrade.

Г	Firmware Upgrade	
	Enter to firmware upgrade mode	
	Upgrade	

After entering the post-upgrade tool, you can select the corresponding file to upgrade, or restart and exit the page.

	Firmware Upgrade —	Choose file No file chosen	Upgrade
Tools			
Firmware Upgrade			
Reboot			

Figure 2.7.1 Firmware Upgrade Page

### 2.7.2 Configuration backup

**Backup configuration:** export the configuration on the switch for configuration backup.

**Restore configuration:** import the backup configuration into the switch t o restore the configuration. When restoring, select the configuration to be rest ored and click Upgrade. After the upgrade is successful, restart to take effect.

Backup Configuration		
	Backup	
Restore Configuration		
	File Restore	

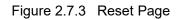
Figure 2.7.2 Configure Backup Page

#### 2.7.3 Reset

Restore the switch to the factory default setting state, and click "Restore f actory default" to restart the switch to take effect.

When the web management interface cannot be restored due to configur ation errors or other reasons, press the reset key of the switch for a long time until all the indicator lights flash, and then the factory settings can be restored.

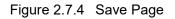
Restore Factory Default
•
Factory reset and reboot the system
Restore



## 2.7.4 Save

Save the changes made in the administration page. The unsaved configuration will be lost on the next reboot.

Save configuration		
	Save configuration	
	Save	



### 2.7.5 Timed restart

Perform timing restart configuration operation on the switch according to t he requirements, select the corresponding time of each week and the corresp onding time of each day, and enable the timing restart function to take effect a fter saving.

Timed Reboot Settings	
	Timed Reboot Off 🗸
	Time select 00:00
	Day Select All SUN MON TUE WED THU FRI SAT
	Add / Modify

Figure 2.7.5 Timed Restart Page

## 2.7.6 Manual restart

Restart the switch. Click Restart to restart the switch.

Reboot		
	Reboot Switch	
	Debest	
	Reboot	

Figure 2.7.6 Manual Restart Page

# 2.7.7 Log Out

.

Select the logout button and the switch will exit the current WEB interface

Tools
Firmware Upgrade
Configuration Backup
Reset
Save
Timed Reboot
Manual Reboot
Logout